

HISTORY OF THE ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES OF MIRISHKOR DISTRICT

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Abstract

This scientific article systematically analyzes the formation, historical development stages and modern activities of the internal affairs bodies of Mirishkor district. The work covers the gradual improvement of law enforcement structures in Mirishkor district, which was formed on the basis of the former Usmon Yusupov and Bahoristan districts, the selfless work of leaders and employees, as well as the role of the department's activities in maintaining regional security and public order, based on archival documents and modern sources. The article analyzes the complexity of service conditions, the courage of internal affairs officers, their practical experience in combating crime and preventing offenses. Special attention is paid to the achievements achieved as a result of the reforms implemented during the years of independence, the provision of modern equipment and infrastructure, neighborhood cooperation and preventive work.

Keywords: Mirishkor district, internal affairs bodies, law enforcement, public safety, history, reforms, selfless service, fight against crime, leaders, service conditions, prevention, neighborhood cooperation, modern infrastructure.

It is no secret that the current Mirishkor district began its activities on the basis of the former Usmon Yusupov and Bahoristan districts. The internal affairs departments of these districts also have their own historical development path. In particular, the generation of Nuroniyar, who selflessly served for many years in the Internal Affairs Department of Usmon Yusupov district, is still in the public eye today. For example, the former policeman Ashurboy Boymurodov, who was born in 1947 and is now retired, graduated from a special educational institution called "Militsiyskoye uchilishche" in 1978 and has been working in the internal affairs system since 1982. He retired in 1995 for worthy work. The memoirs of another selfless Nuroniyar from Mirishkor - former policeman Captain Tosh Hamroyev - are full of interesting stories about the difficulties, responsibility and dedication of the internal affairs sector.

At that time, the service conditions were quite difficult. There were no service cars or modern means of communication. Controlling several large rural areas, operating in difficult climatic conditions, enduring scorching heat or freezing cold required special fortitude from the internal affairs officers. Ashurboy Boymurodov was known among his colleagues and the people as the "Crown Militia", and as a team of two or three people, they controlled state farms and large

territories. Hamro Nurmammedov, Avot Kayumov, Ashurboy Boymurodov, and Tosh Hamroyev served as district inspectors in this line. Over the years, young employees have also joined their ranks, continuing the humane and professional traditions of the internal affairs departments.

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In the history of the Bahoristan District Department of Internal Affairs, a number of dedicated and qualified leaders have worked. In particular, in 1979, Ismat Sulaymonov began to lead the department, and in subsequent years, his successors Somiddin Shukurjiyev, Amil Kulmatov, Khurram Hamzayev, Anvar Toshev, Alisher Akhmedov and Rahmat Mamatov worthily continued this responsible position. Over the past period, many dedicated employees of the Bahoristan District Department of Internal Affairs have shown an example of courage and bravery, risking their lives to ensure public order, prevent violations and combat crime.

Although the geographical and natural conditions of the region - vast deserts, border areas, large lakes and fast-flowing ditches - created favorable conditions for criminals to hide and destroy material evidence, the always vigilant and vigilant internal affairs officers have fought resolutely and effectively against these problems. As a result of material evidence found over the years in canals, ditches and lake basins, many crimes have been exposed and stolen property of citizens has been returned to their owners.

In particular, in the fight against crime and drug trafficking, the employees of the Bahoristan and later Mirishkor districts of the Internal Affairs Department achieved high results. As a result of the collective actions, speed and perseverance of the department employees, armed criminal groups were identified in a timely manner and their activities were stopped. In particular, in 1990-1991, a number of successful operations were carried out against large criminal gangs with the participation of special operational groups appointed from the region based on the "catch and catch" plan. According to the memoirs of retired captain Mirzamurod Roziyev, who served as part of the special group and worked in the internal affairs sector for many years, the winner of the "Shuhrat" medal, the perseverance and loyalty of the employees who served in these events in difficult conditions and under high risk deserve high praise.

During the department's activities, a number of leaders and employees — including Mahmud Bekmurodov (head of the regional special group), as well as the experienced employees listed above — have made a significant contribution to exposing crimes, maintaining public order, and ensuring the safety of citizens.

Mirzamurod Makhmudmurodovich Roziyev worked effectively and selflessly in the positions of road patrol service (DAN) and district inspector during his service. He took the example of experienced mentors in the field of internal affairs - Usmon Rajabov, Navroz Azizov, Kuysin Ruziyev, Toshquvat Usanov, Alisher Khojayev, Uzoq Yakshiyev, and relied on them in his profession. It was also a source of pride and honor for Roziyev to work together with his loyal colleagues, such as Amir Choriyev, Ortiq Khudoyberdiev, Barot Khudoykulov, Bahrom Ergashev, Shodi Avazov, and to be shoulder to shoulder with them in the service.

From the point of view of historical and social development, in the years before independence, there were specific aspects of the service's activities. In particular, during periods of increased road traffic accidents, practices such as giving alms, donating, and returning misfortune were carried out secretly, in accordance with the religious traditions and customs of the population. This situation, on the one hand, indicates that the national mentality and religious values have been deeply embedded in the minds of internal affairs officers. Since the years of independence, a legal and spiritual basis has been created for a return to our religion, customs, and national values, and internal affairs officers have begun to operate in public life with openness and freedom that was previously impossible.

During his tenure as a precinct inspector, Roziyev became a direct participant in important initiatives and innovations for the development of the sector. In particular, the allocation of a service car at the expense of the farm by the former head of the farm, Hero of Uzbekistan Murodillo Saidov, in order to effectively organize service activities, aroused great interest in the local community. Currently, as a result of the direct initiatives of the head of state, each mahalla preventive inspector is provided with modern service cars and service houses. This serves to radically increase the role of internal affairs bodies in public life, their proximity to the population, and their effectiveness in the field of prevention.

In general, the activities of Mirzamurod Makhmudmurodovich Roziyev and his colleagues are not only an example of dedication to their profession, but also demonstrate the priority values of the internal affairs system of independent Uzbekistan, such as humanity, selflessness, and service to the development of society.

Thus, the Internal Affairs System of Mirishkor District has its own historical path and tradition in ensuring legal order, citizen security, and social stability in the region, serving as a solid foundation for today's modern activities.

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